

The 32nd CMAAO General Assembly & 53rd Council Meeting

Taiwan Medical Association Country Report

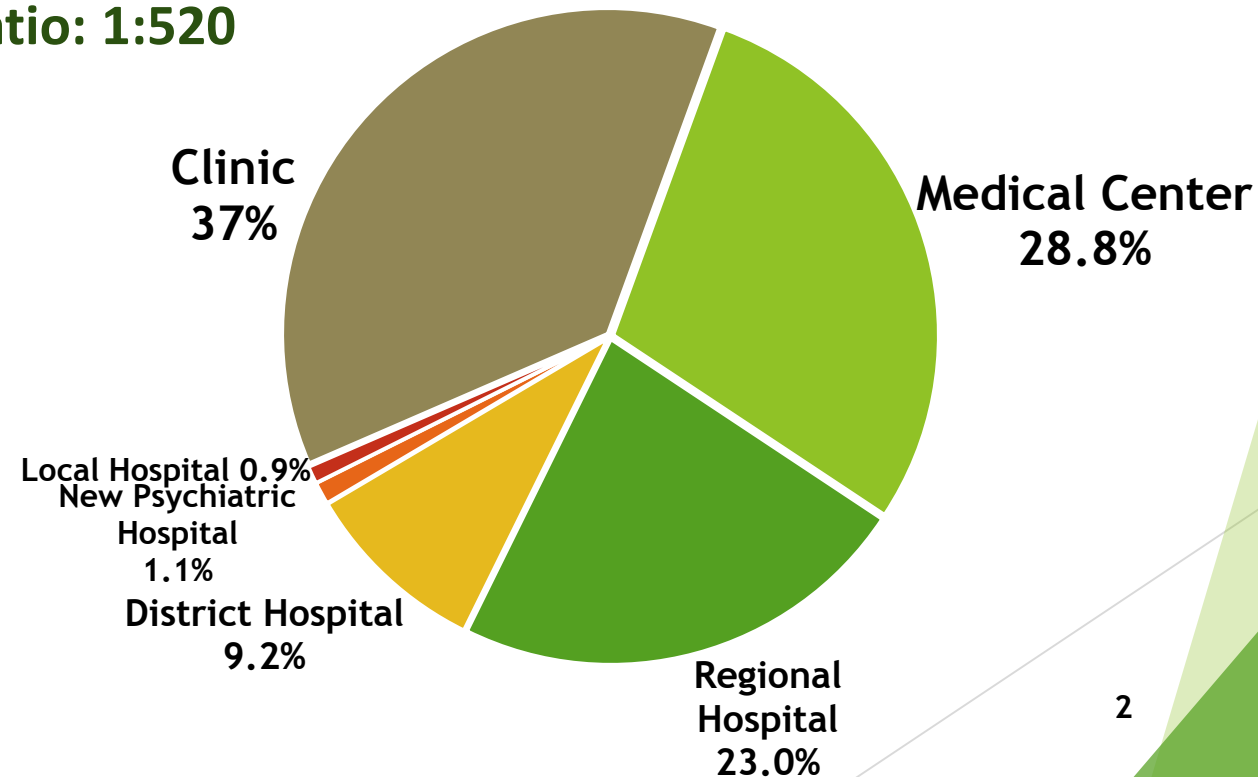
Prof. Dr. Tai-Yuan CHIU, President
Dr. Pi-Sheng WANG, Secretary-General

13th September 2017



Distribution of Practitioners by Type of Healthcare Facilities, 2016

- ▶ Number of practicing physicians: 45,213
- ▶ Total population of Taiwan: 23,539,816
- ▶ Physician population ratio: 1:520



Major Project Areas

- ▶ **Stopping violence in health care facilities and amending the Medical Care Act to ensure safety of health workers and patients**
- ▶ **Promoting medical professional liability insurance to safeguard patients, physicians and the state**
- ▶ **Formulating the community-based “Ten-Year Plan for Long-Term Care 2.0”**
- ▶ **Establishment of Committee on Medical Specialty Affairs to respond to and analyse national health policies**

National Health Insurance

Achieving continuity of care by working with the National Health Insurance Administration (NHIA) to implement the bi-directional referral and hierarchy of medical care policy to strengthen hospital-primary care collaboration

- ▶ Working with NHIA to implement referral information exchange platform
- ▶ Working with NHIA to implement home-based care information exchange platform
- ▶ Improving hospital discharge planning and tracing services
- ▶ Negotiating USD 3 million from the global budget to support physicians providing cross-level care
- ▶ Facilitating shared care by clinics and hospitals

National Health Insurance

Strengthening primary care capacity by securing global budget

- ▶ Expanding scope of care for primary care physicians
- ▶ Obtaining USD 52 million for implementing the “Expanded Family Doctors’ Integrated Care Initiative”



Membership Welfare

- ▶ **All-inclusive group insurance with no age limits**
- ▶ **Improving quality of care; creating a safe and high-quality health care environment**
- ▶ **Continuing medical education (CME) : course design, credit recognition & assistance for physicians to renew license**



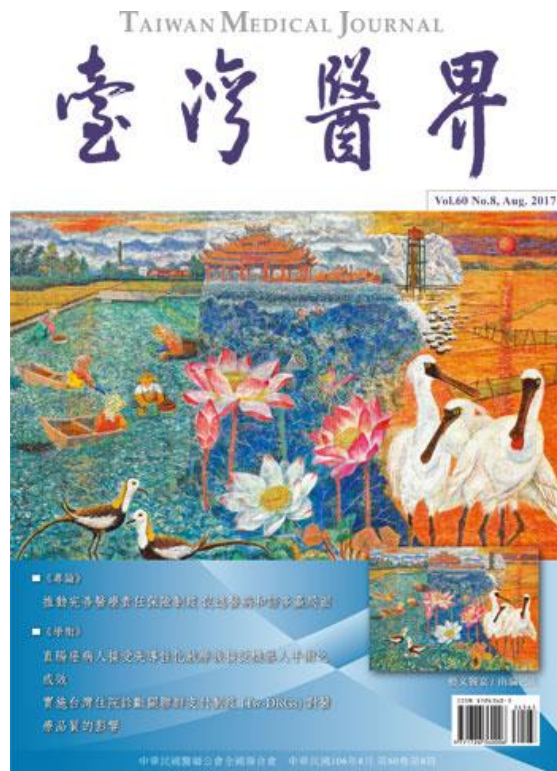
Governmental Programs

- ▶ **Implementing “Primary care services review” commissioned by the NHIA**
- ▶ **Implementing “International exchange and collaboration on health” commissioned by the Ministry of Health and Welfare**



Publication

Taiwan Medical Journal



Statistics on Practicing Physicians and Healthcare Facilities in Taiwan 2016



International Relationship

Hosting the World Medical Association General Assembly, Taipei 2016



International Relationship

World Medical Association General Assembly, Taipei 2016 Declaration of Taipei on Ethical Considerations regarding Health Databases and Biobanks



WMA Declaration of Taipei on Ethical Considerations regarding Health Databases and Biobanks

Adopted by the 53rd WMA General Assembly, Washington, DC, USA, October 2002

and revised by the 67th WMA General Assembly, Taipei, Taiwan, October 2016

PREAMBLE

1. The Declaration of Helsinki lays down ethical principles for medical research involving human subjects, including the importance of protecting the dignity, autonomy, privacy and confidentiality of research subjects, and obtaining informed consent for using identifiable human biological material and data.
2. In health care provision, health information is gathered by physicians or other members of the medical team to record health care events and to aid physicians in the on-going care of their patient.
3. This Declaration is intended to cover the collection, storage and use of identifiable data and biological material beyond the individual care of patients. In concordance with the Declaration of Helsinki, it provides additional ethical principles for their use in Health Databases and Biobanks.

This Declaration should be read as a whole and each of its constituent paragraphs should be applied with consideration of all other relevant paragraphs.

4. A Health Database is a system for collecting, organizing and storing health information. A Biobank is a collection of biological material and associated data. Biological material refers to a sample obtained from an individual human being, living or deceased, which can provide biological information, including genetic information, about that individual. Health Databases and Biobanks are both collections on health data and associated information that relate to the clinical management of patients.



經過四年討論及多次召開專家會議修訂，世界醫師會「台北宣言：健康資料庫與生物資料庫之倫理考量」於2016年10月台灣台北召開之「第67屆世界醫師大會」修訂通過，作為世界醫師進修之指導原則。

為本中譯內容之慎重，本會105年12月8日召開之「第11屆第2次醫學倫理暨紀律委員會」通過成立「世界醫師會台北宣言中譯本工作小組」，由陳榮基委員擔任召集人，甄選該委員會成員及專家學者擔任小組成員。

本「世界醫師會台北宣言中譯本工作小組」成員包括吳運東顧問、呂英世召集委員、郭啟南教授、蔡甫昌委員、李茂盛委員、黃永輝委員，於106年1月24日召開會議，共同逐條審視宣言內容，所研議之結論並送106年2月16日「第11屆第3次醫學倫理暨紀律委員會」再次討論及確認，以確保翻譯內容之正確性，該次會議結論並經106年2月19日第11屆第6次理事會通過，成為本會之正式官方版本。

世界醫師會台北宣言：健康資料庫與生物資料庫之倫理考量 WMA Declaration of Taipei on Ethical Considerations regarding Health Databases and Biobanks

2002年10月美國華盛頓特區第53屆世界醫師大會通過
2016年10月台灣台北第67屆世界醫師大會修訂

前言

1. 赫爾辛基宣言揭示涉及人類醫學研究之倫理原則，包括保護研究受試者之尊嚴、自主、隱私和守密的重要性，及使用可辨識人類生物材料和數據時應取得知情同意。
2. 在健康照護規範中，健康資訊是由醫師或醫療團隊的其他成員所收集，記錄醫療照護情況，並在對病人的持續照護中協助醫師。
3. 本宣言旨在涵蓋個別病人照顧之外的收集、儲存和使用可辨識身份之資料和人體生物材料。在符合赫爾辛基宣言為前提下，為健康資料庫和生物資料庫提供更多的倫理原則。
4. 健康資料庫為一收集、彙整和儲存健康資訊之系統。生物資料庫是生物材料和相關數據的集合。生物材料意指取自存活或死亡個人之材料，其能提供關於此人的生物資訊，包括基因資訊。健康資料庫與生物資料庫都蒐集個人和群體，兩者皆引起關於尊嚴、自主、隱私、保密性和視規相似之疑慮。
5. 使用健康資料庫與生物資料庫之研究常可顯著加速

效、效率、安全與品質之瞭解。健康研究代表了符合個別病人、群體和社會的共同利益。

6. 醫師必須考慮本國的健康資料庫和生物資料庫之倫理、法律和管理規程及標準，以及適用的國際常規和標準。任何國內或國際倫理、法律或法規，皆不應減損或排除本宣言對個人與群體所明定的任何保障。
7. 當透過民主程序通過有關人權之國內法授權時，可以採取其他程序以保護個人的尊嚴、自主和隱私，而只有當實施嚴格的資料保護規範時，才能接受此項做法。
8. 與世界醫師會的內部規範一致，本宣言之對象主要為醫師，但世界醫師會鼓勵其他參與使用健康資料庫和生物資料庫之數據或生物材料之人士，採納本宣言之原則。

倫理原則

8. 研究和其他與健康資料庫及生物資料庫相關之活動，應有助於社會福祉，特別是公共衛生目的。
9. 為了尊重個人的尊嚴、自主、隱私和保密性，醫師負有特別的倫理和法律雙重義務，就如管理者需保護病人提供的資訊，自主、隱私和守密之權利也賦

International Relationship

World Medical Association General Assembly, Taipei 2016



Opening Ceremony



Scientific Session
Healthcare System Sustainability



International Press Conference



International Relationship

World Medical Association General Assembly, Taipei 2016

President of Taiwan, Ing-wen TSAI



President of TMA, Dr. Tia-Yuan Chiu



International Relationship

World Medical Association General Assembly, Taipei 2016



From left to right: Secretary-General of WMA, Dr. Otmar Kloiber, Vice-President of Taiwan, Dr. Chien-Jen Chen, President of TMA, Dr. Tai-Yuan Chiu

International Relationship

TMA delegations in:

- ▶ The 2nd Global Conference on One Health in Fukuoga, Japan (November 9-11, 2016)



International Relationship

- ▶ WMA Council Meeting in Livingstone, Zambia (April 20-22, 2017)



WORLD
MEDICAL
ASSOCIATION



International Relationship

- ▶ The 70th World Health Assembly, led by President Dr. Tai-Yuan Chiu (May 22-27, 2017)



International Relationship

- ▶ The 35th Academic Symposium of the Korean Medical Association
(June 30- July 1, 2017)



International Relationship

- ▶ TMA President Dr. Tai-Yuan Chiu initiating and chairing the **Parliamentarian Committee on Promotion of International Health Exchange** (July 21, 2017)



International Relationship

International Health Exchange

- ▶ Korean Medical Association Delegation visiting Taipei City Hospital Linsen Chinese Medicine and Kunming Branch (October 19, 2016)



International Relationship

- ▶ Japanese parliamentarian Mr. Keizo Takemi received by TMA President (November 10, 2016)



International Relationship

- ▶ Chinese Shanxi medical delegation visiting TMA (March 24, 2017)



International Relationship

- ▶ Mongolian Medical Delegation visiting TMA (May 8, 2017)



International Relationship

Donation of USD10,000 to WMA JDN Travel Fund



2016 JDN Meeting at Taiwan Medical Association in Taipei

International Relationship

Future meetings

- ▶ The 41st World Hospital Congress, 7-9 November 2017, Taipei International Conference Center



International Relationship

- ▶ **Home Health Care International Symposium, 12th November 2017,**
Grand Hotel Taipei.



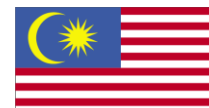
Taiwan



Japan



Malaysia



Singapore



Thank you

