

"Path to Wellness" MEDICAL ASSOCIATION OF THAILAND

September 5th - 7th, 2019 Hotel The Lalit Golf & Spa Resort, Goa, India

Dr.Wanchai Lausatianragit

Region 11 Senior Medical, MAT







eHealth Strategy, Ministry of Public Health (2017 – 2026)





IS 672462 DATA CENTER







ศ.นพ.รณชัย คงสกนธ์ ให้สัมภาษณ์ว่า ขอให้บุคคลใน ครอบครัวตระหนักถึง พูษภัยบุหรื่ ขอให้เลิกสูบบุหรื่ใน บ้านห่วงคนรอบข้าง ได้รับผลกระทบจาก ควันบุหรี่ อาจนำไปสู่ ความรุนแรงใน ครอบครัว





ร่วมการสัมมนา เรื่องการพิจารณาคดีจริยธรรม ของแพทยสภาให้ชอบด้วย กฎหมาย





แพทยสมาคมฯ ร่วมกับ แพทยสภา จัดงานเลี้ยงแสดงความยินดีแด่แพทย์ที่ ได้รับการโปรดเกล้าฯ แต่งตั้งให้ดำรงตำแหน่งเป็นสมาชิกวุฒิสภา และแพทย์ที่ ได้รับเลือกตั้งเป็นสมาชิกสภาผู้แทนราษฎร





Prof. Dr. Ronanachai Kongsakon, President of the Medical Association of Thailand is the president of the press conference for the launch of the Magic Breath Project at the seminar room 4-5-6, The Royal Golden Jubilee Building 50 years of COPD patients.





Smart Aging Project Group organized a fantastic event at Siam Crown Prince Room, The Royal Golden Jubilee Building 50 years by Mrs. Paiwan Pola-wan, Director-General of the Department of Older Persons The Ministry of Social Development and Human Security gave an opening speech and Prof. Dr. Ronanachai Kongsakon, President of the Medical Association of Thailand welcoming and Dr. Nart Fongsmut, President of the PSG Project gave a report together with the committee of the MAT and many elderly people participated in the event.





Bipolar patients group organize warm-hearted, happy life activities for Bi-polar love, Healthy mind, to promote understanding of Bi-polar patients in society as a whole with the acceptance and opportunity for bipolar patients to live and work normally according to their potential and knowledge is a productive person in society, there are 200 interested parties.





PSG Group by the Diabetes group held a press conference for the launch of the Thai DM Friends Diabetes Relations Group and the "Learn to Live with Diabetes", The Royal Golden Jubilee Building 50 years by Prof. Dr. Somsri Pausawatdi, Director of the MAT was opening speech.





eHealth Strategy, Ministry of Public Health (2017 – 2026)





IS 672462 DATA CENTER

eHealth THAILAND

1-5 years

- Generic drug substitution of imports
- · Bio-type biopharmaceuticals
- Biopharmaceutical and pro biotics products
- Herbs and cosmetics
- Smart Medical and Devices Robotics to help people with disabilities.
- · Elderly rehabilitation center
- · Healthy food and products
- Health Tourism

5-10 years

- Generic drug substitution of imports
- A new biopharmaceutical for cancer and allergy.
- Advanced vaccines
- Potential diagnostic commerce ki
- Medical robots that mee international standards.
- Quality Reagents for Automated
 Diagnostic Devices
- Smart Village for the elderly
- Digital Health
- Precision Medicin

10-15 years

- New Small Molecules
- Targeted Therapy
- New types of vaccines
- · New biopharmaceutical
- Medical robots and surgical instruments
- Implanted Devices
- Autonomous Diagnostic Device
- Specialized Target
- Therapeutic Institute



eHealth Inclusion: all sectors of Thailand are involved in eHealth operations.



eHealth Transformation: Thailand steps into eHealth to propel health system by leveraging digital innovation to reach its full potential

4.

eHealth Leadership: Thailand is a healthy developing country where digital technology can create real economic value in the public health system and people have good quality of life.

Figure 1.2 Roadmap for Health, Wellness and Bio-Med



eHealth Strategy



A strong, equal and efficient eHealth strategy to improve the quality of life for Thai citizens by 2020.



- Develop IT Management System for effective eHealth operations of the Country.
- Partnership, coordination and participation to enhance the use of eHealth in order to improve the quality of life for people.



- Improve quality of life through inclusive access to eHealth services sustainably.
- Local communities and networking partners benefit from the eHealth system so that they can lead the development of people's quality of life.



eHealth Strategy Framework





สงภาพกายใจ

นายกฯ ไม่ทบทวนเรื่องบุหรี่

ตลาดมืด



ไฟฟ้า สั่งเจ้าหน้าที่ The announcement comes as anti-tobacco campaigners from MAT, step up efforts to ші 20 алилы make the home environment free of cigarette.

Fighting against Tobacco Industry



ุ ศจย.ขอบพระคุณท่านนายก ฯ ที่ห่วงใย สุขภาพของประชาชนไทย







44 นายก ฯ ยังคงมาตรการทางกฎหมาย ห้ามนำเข้า ห้ามขาย ห้ามครอบครอง บุหรีไฟฟ้า

๒๐ สิงหาคม ๒๕๖๒

Thailand Introduces Stricter Smoking Laws

MARCH 6, 2019 BY ROY CAVANAGH Thailand has recently introduced stricter smoking laws with offenders facing a fine of up to 5,000 Baht. Smokers visiting Thailand should take note that smoking is now not just banned inside some buildings, but also outside if it is too close to a public entrance or exit. This is a significant change that may catch tourists unaware if they light up a cigarette outside a hotel, pub or restaurant. The new regulations from the Ministry of Public Health came into force in February this year.



Smoking at home to be banned Starting Aug. 20, 2019

"สูบบุหรี่ในบ้าน" <u>ถือว่าผิดกฎหมาย</u>

ในฐานของการก่อความรุนแรงในครอบครัว ตาม พ.ร.บ.ส่งเสริมการพัฒนาและคุ้มครอง สถาบันครอบครัว พ.ศ. 2562



A law prohibiting smoking at home will come into effect on Aug 20,2019 in a bid to reduce deaths caused by second-hand smoke. ...

To make the home environment free of cigarette and electronic cigarette smoke.





แนวนโยบายสาธารณสุข

บางส่วน โดย อนุทิน ชาญวีรกูล รมว.สาธารณสุข

 รพ.สต. ทั้ง 8,000 แห่งทั่วประเทศ ต้องมีแพทย์และพยาบาลประจำ โดยเน้นจ้างแพทย์จบใหม่

เพิ่มความชำนาญให้ อสม.
 และจ่ายค่าตอบแทนตามความสามารถ
 2,500-10,000 บาท/เดือน

 เมื่อใช้สารสกัดจากกัญชาและกัญชงทางการแพทย์ได้ จะลดจำนวนผู้ป่วยที่ต้องไปรักษาตัวที่โรงพยาบาล

ปล

รพ.สต. ย่อมาจาก โรงพยาบาลส่งเสริมสุขภาพตำบล อสม. ย่อมาจาก อาสาสมัครสาธารณสุขประจำหมู่บ้าน







"Most Thai marijuana strains contain more THC than CBD, which makes it more suitable for recreational use," GPO Director Withoon Danwiboon said.

"อนุทิน" ย้ำกัญชาใช้ทางการแพทย์ ก่อน ค่อยปลดล็อกทีละขั้น เชื่อปลูก บ้านละ 6 ต้น คุมได้

เผยแพร่: 30 ก.ค. 2562 09:42 ปรับปรุง: 30 ก.ค.

2562 10:57 โดย: ผู้จัดการออนไลน์







WHO Country Cooperation Strategy Thailand 2017–2021



Message from the Regional Director



This fifth Country Cooperation Strategy (CCS) 2017–2021 is not only WHO's strategic vision for the Organization's work with the Royal Thai Government and its partners but, once again, is a pathfinder in global collaboration in health at the country level.

In recent years, Thailand has taken several bold initiatives with a large number of its population brought under health protection coverage. Thailand has achieved universal coverage with relatively good levels of spending on health, but faces significant challenges due to rising costs and its commitment to bring under the umbrella of its health coverage migrant workers and the informal sector.

Thailand is crucial to global health because of the extraordinary progress it has made in health and the prominent role it plays in global health.

The World Health Organization is proud of being a partner in some of the major health achievements of Thailand.

I commend the seventy-five governmental and nongovernmental stakeholders that reached agreement not only on priorities, goals and operational modalities but also chartered a CCS governance structure that would oversee optimal execution of the five Strategic Priorities for the World Health Organization's collaboration with Thailand.

I understand the final evaluation of the fourth WHO Country Cooperation Thailand 2012–2016 was conducted in June 2016. The evaluation gave a number of recommendations and I am pleased to see that these recommendations were taken onboard while developing this Country Cooperation Strategy.

I believe the five Strategic Priorities for WHO collaboration are aligned with Thailand's health priorities and WHO's resources focusing towards these priority programmes will contribute towards health progress in this extraordinary country as well as have a major impact on global health.

The method of working adopted will also foster multisectoral engagement and multiagency cooperation and ensure integrated approaches that respond to the imperatives of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and effectively address the complex and interconnected nature of health in the Sustainable Development Goals.

Rhitagal

Dr Poonam Khetrapal Singh Regional Director WHO South-East Asia Region



Message from the Regional Director



This fifth Country Cooperation Strategy (CCS) 2017–2021 is not only WHO's strategic vision for the Organization's work with the Royal Thai Government and its partners but, once again, is a pathfinder in global collaboration in health at the country level.

In recent years, Thailand has taken several bold initiatives with a large number of its population brought under health protection coverage. Thailand has achieved universal coverage with relatively good levels of spending on health, but faces significant challenges due to rising costs and its commitment to bring under the umbrella of its health coverage migrant workers and the informal sector.

Thailand is crucial to global health because of the extraordinary progress it has made in health and the prominent role it plays in global health.

The World Health Organization is proud of being a partner in some of the major health achievements of Thailand.



I commend the seventy-five governmental and nongovernmental stakeholders that reached agreement not only on priorities, goals and operational modalities but also chartered a CCS governance structure that would oversee optimal execution of the five Strategic Priorities for the World Health Organization's collaboration with Thailand.

I understand the final evaluation of the fourth WHO Country Cooperation Thailand 2012–2016 was conducted in June 2016. The evaluation gave a number of recommendations and I am pleased to see that these recommendations were taken onboard while developing this Country Cooperation Strategy.

I believe the five Strategic Priorities for WHO collaboration are aligned with Thailand's health priorities and WHO's resources focusing towards these priority programmes will contribute towards health progress in this extraordinary country as well as have a major impact on global health.

The method of working adopted will also foster multisectoral engagement and multiagency cooperation and ensure integrated approaches that respond to the imperatives of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and effectively address the complex and interconnected nature of health in the Sustainable Development Goals.

Phitapol

Dr Poonam Khetrapal Singh Regional Director WHO South-East Asia Region





eHealth Transformation





Create a cycle of change and impact.



Create engagement.

1

Framework¹

of

participation

(2)

Build stakeholder engagement.

3

Build understanding and shared vision

Design and accomplish

4

Identify ways and opportunities for change and impact. 5

Co-design a solution and cooperate 6

Commence as planned Continuous improvement and learning.

7

Track and analyze performance 8

Improve and exchange learning continuously







